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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/661,312	09/12/2003	Roy F. Kruegel	H0005139	7820
128	7590	04/27/2005		EXAMINER
				KERSHTEYN, IGOR
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3745	

DATE MAILED: 04/27/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/661,312	KRUEGEL ET AL.
	Examiner	Art Unit
	Igor Kershteyn	3745

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 02/28/2005.
- 2a) This action is **FINAL**. 2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1-33 is/are pending in the application.
 - 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) 1-10 and 28-32 is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 11-15,17-23 and 25 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) 16,24,26,27 and 33 is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on 12 September 2003 is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.

Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).

Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
 - a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____
- 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____
- 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) Other: _____

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 11, 13, 14, 15, and 17-23 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claims 1-33 are now pending. Claims 2, 16, and 17 have been amended to overcome claim objections set forth in the first Office action. Claim 23 has been amended to place it in independent form. Claim 11 has been amended. A new claim 33 has been added.

In the Arguments, in page 10, lines 5-8, Applicant states that "the Examiner cited U.S.C. 102(b) as the basis for the rejection, the only paragraph of Section 102 under which the present rejection may be based is paragraph (e); Feest was published less than one year before the present application's filing date."

This statement is not agreed with for two following reasons.

First, the Examiner did not use reference to Feest (6,585,483) for the grounds of rejections under 35 USC § 102 (b) but rather under 35 USC § 102 (a) (See the first Office action, page 2, lines 14,-15).

Second, the reference to Feest is properly used under 35 USC § 102 (a) but not 35 USC § 102 (e) because Feest meets the following requirements of 35 USC § 102 (a):

- Feest is a U.S. Patent;
- Feest has the publication date before the earliest date of invention available to Applicant;
- Feest has inventor name different than the Applicant.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 11-13, 17, 18, 21, and 22 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Feest (6,585,483) in view of Sorenson et al. (5,042,963).

In figure 1, Feest teaches an air turbine starter unitary inlet structure 15 comprising: an annular housing (not numbered) having a longitudinal centerline (inherently), an air inlet 16, an inner surface(not numbered), and a mounting surface (not numbered); and an annular air director (not numbered) integrally formed as part of the annular housing, the air director disposed at least partially within the annular housing and having an outer surface, wherein at least a portion of the annular housing inner surface and the air director outer surface form a flow path that extends substantially parallel to the longitudinal centerline.

Feest does not teach an annular air director having an outer surface that includes a center point in alignment with the longitudinal centerline and extending toward the air inlet.

Sorenson et al. teach an air turbine starter having an annular housing 12 having a longitudinal centerline (inherently), an air inlet 14 and an annular air director having an

outer surface that includes a center point in alignment with the longitudinal centerline and extending toward the air inlet 14.

Since Feest and Sorenson et al. are analogous art because they are from the same field of endeavor, that is the air turbine starter art, it would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to modify the air director of Feest with the a center point in alignment with the longitudinal centerline and extending toward the air inlet as taught by Sorenson et al. for the purpose of reducing the restriction for air entering the turbine starter.

Claims 14 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Feest (6,585,483) as modified by Sorenson et al. (5,042,963) in view of Caruso et al. (3,006,603).

Feest as modified by Sorenson et al. teach all the claimed subject matter except that they don't teach the spacing of the stator fins is symmetric.

Caruso et al. in figures 1a, 2, and 8, teaches a turbo-machine having a plurality of angularly spaced circumferentially mounted stator fins 7c, 7, 13 that have symmetric spacing.

Since Feest as modified by Sorenson et al. and Caruso et al. are analogous art because they are from the same field of endeavor, that is the inlet guide vanes art, it would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to use the angular spacing of fins with the symmetric arrangement with the structure of Feest modified by Sorenson et al. as taught by

Caruso et al. for the purpose of equal distribution of inlet flow to the turbine blade section.

Claims 15 and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Feest (6,585,483) as modified by Sorenson et al. (5,042,963) in view of Caruso et al. (3,006,603).

Feest as modified by Sorenson et al. teach all the claimed subject matter except that they don't teach the spacing of the stator fins is asymmetric.

Caruso et al. in figures 1, 2a, 3, 3a, 9, and 10, teaches a turbo-machine having a plurality of angularly spaced circumferentially mounted stator fins 1, 9, 10, 11, 14, 17 that have asymmetric spacing.

Since Feest as modified by Sorenson et al. and Caruso et al. are analogous art because they are from the same field of endeavor, that is the inlet guide vanes art, it would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to use the angular spacing of fins with the asymmetric arrangement for the structure of Feest modified by Sorenson et al. as taught by Caruso et al. for the purpose of noise reduction.

Claim 19 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Feest (6,585,483) as modified by Sorenson et al. (5,042,963) in view of Rice (4,565,490).

Feest as modified by Sorenson et al. teach all the claimed subject matter except that they don't teach the angle of attack of each fin is about 36.738 degrees.

Rice, in figure 13b, teaches a stator ring having a plurality of inlet guide vanes 22 having the angle of attack of about 36.738 degrees.

Since Feest as modified by Sorenson et al. and Rice are analogous art because they are from the same field of endeavor, that is the inlet guide vanes art, it would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to modify the vanes of Feest as modified by Sorenson et al. with the angle of attack of about 36.738 degrees as taught by Rice for the purpose of substantial reductions in curvatures that provide less aerodynamic drag.

Claim 25 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Feest (6,585,483) as modified by Sorenson et al. (5,042,963) as modified by Caruso et al. (3,006,603) as applied to claim 23 above, and further in view of design choice.

Feest as modified by Sorenson et al. as modified by Caruso et al. discloses the stator that is comprised by a plurality of fins, but do not disclose expressly a plurality of 29 fins.

At the time the invention was made, it would have been an obvious matter of design choice to a person of ordinary skill in the art to provide the stator ring with the plurality of 29 fins because Applicant has not disclosed that the stator ring with the plurality of 29 fins provides an advantage, is used for a particular purpose, or solves a stated problem. One of ordinary skill in the art, furthermore, would have expected Applicant's invention to perform equally well with the stator

ring of Feest as modified by Sorenson et al. as modified by Caruso et al. for the purpose of improving the inlet pressure.

Therefore, it would have been an obvious matter of design choice to modify the stator ring of Feest as modified by Sorenson et al. as modified by Caruso et al. to obtain the invention as specified in claim 25.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 1-10, and 28-32 are allowed.

Claims 16, 24, 26, 27 and 33 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

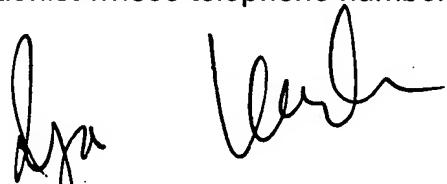
Contact information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Examiner Kershteyn whose telephone number is **(571)272-4817**. The examiner can be reached on Monday-Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.

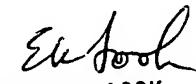
If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Edward Look, can be reached on **(571)272-4820**. The fax number is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308 0861.

IK
April 20, 2005



Igor Kershteyn
Patent examiner.
Art Unit 3745



EDWARD K. LOOK
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3700
4/23/05